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ST. LUCIA ISLAND.

Reports from Castries—Sanitary conditions—Convention to be held at Barbados to consider method of handling vessels from plague-infected ports.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Maylie reports, June 22 and 29:

Week ended June 27. The health officer of Castries left here to-day for Barbados as a delegate to a convention composed of representatives of all the British West Indian Islands, except Jamaica, about to meet in Barbados for the purpose of considering the best ways and means of handling vessels from plague-infected ports.

TRINIDAD.

Status of plague—Sanitary work—Quarantine against Venezuelan ports not strictly observed.

Consul Handley reports, June 22 and July 6:

There has been officially reported only one more death from plague here since my dispatch dated June 13. This was the case of an East Indian (coolie), who died at the isolation camp on June 15.

Since the outbreak of plague, May 30, there have been 9 cases of plague with 7 deaths.

The authorities have organized sanitary squads the duty of which is to inspect and clean the yards, etc., of private residences.

Steamships from Puerto Cabello, Carupaño, Cumaña, and Ciudad Bolivar, Venezuela, are permitted to enter here and discharge cargo and passengers from those ports.

June 22. Another death from plague occurred here this morning.

July 6. Plague is still confined to Port of Spain and to the streets near the harbor. The disease has not reached any other district of the Island, although there is daily unrestricted communication by road, rail, and coastal steamships.

A fresh case of plague was reported July 4.

VENEZUELA.

Reports from Caracas—Status of plague at Caracas and La Guaira.

The following is received from Chargé d'Affaires ad Interim Sleeper, under dates of June 19 and 22:

No new cases of plague have occurred at this capital since my dispatch of June 13.

The situation at La Guaira is as follows: June 16, 1 case; June 17, 1 case; June 18, 2 cases, 1 death; June 19, 1 case.

June 22. Since my dispatch of June 19 there have been 4 new cases of plague in Caracas, 2 on June 20 and 2 on June 21. Of these cases 2 are reported to have resulted fatally. No new cases reported at La Guaira.

The following is received from Mr. John Brewer, in charge of the archives, under date of June 27:

During the past few days the plague alarm has spread rapidly. Many persons are being inoculated with Haffkine's lymph. The present market building is to be closed on account of several cases having

appeared in its neighborhood. The merchants are endeavoring to raise a sum sufficient to build a proper quarantine hospital outside the city limits, while the Government has to-day begun the inoculation of all the troops.

Since June 21 6 new cases of plague are reported as having developed in this city, 1 of these resulting fatally. The consulate at La Guaira reports no new cases since June 19.

Report from Puerto Cabello—Plague at Caracas and La Guaira, June 25.

The following is received from the Department of State, under date of July 3:

A telegram, dated July 2, has been received from the consul at Puerto Cabello, Venezuela, which reads:

Official acknowledgment plague La Guaira and Caracas twenty-fifth.

FOREIGN AND INSULAR STATISTICAL REPORTS OF COUNTRIES AND
CITIES—UNTABULATED.

AFRICA—*Lourenço Marquez*.—Month of May, 1908. Estimated population, 10,000. Total number of deaths, 47, including beriberi 2, and 4 from tuberculosis.

BRAZIL—*Bahia*.—Month of May, 1908. Estimated population 265,000. Total number of deaths, 601, including enteric fever 4, smallpox 5, and 58 from tuberculosis.

CANADA—*Quebec—Sherbrooke*.—Month of June, 1908. Estimated population, 14,709. Total number of deaths, 13, including 1 from tuberculosis.

GREAT BRITAIN—*England and Wales*.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended June 20, 1908, correspond to an annual rate of 11.6 per 1,000 population, which is estimated at 16,234,952.

London.—Nine hundred and ninety deaths were registered during the week, including measles 30, scarlet fever 7, diphtheria 4, whooping cough 15, enteric fever 1, tuberculosis 154, and 20 from diarrhea. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 10.8 per 1,000. In Greater London 1,444 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 3 from measles, 6 from scarlet fever, 6 from diphtheria, and 6 from whooping cough.

Salford.—Two weeks ended June 20, 1908. Estimated population, 239,294. Total number of deaths, 149, including diphtheria 3, measles 6, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 5, and 17 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended June 20, 1908, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 16.3 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,131,959. The lowest rate was recorded in Limerick, viz, 4.1, and the highest in Ballymena, viz, 47.9 per 1,000.